## Unit Nine, Extending Fluency with Rational Numbers, Vocabulary

order of operations - the rules of which calculations are performed first when simplifying an expression
parentheses and brackets (levels of grouping) - symbols to show a group of terms and/or expressions within a mathematical expression
positive - greater than zero
rational numbers - a set of numbers that can be expressed as a fraction $a / b$, which includes the subsets of whole numbers and counting (natural) numbers variable - a letter, such as n , that stands for a number in an expression or an equation improper fraction -a number in the form $\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b}$ where a and b are whole numbers and $\mathrm{a}>\mathrm{b}$ where b is not equal to zero
mixed number - a number that is composed of a whole number and a fraction
unequal denominator - two fractions where denominators are not identical or similar ratio table - comparative value of two or more numbers organized in columns and rows factor pair - a set of two numbers, which when multiplied result in a definite number

## Related Vocabulary:

Addend
Area model
Associative property of addition
Associative property of multiplication
Base-10 place value system
Benchmark
Commutative property of addition
Commutative property of multiplication
Compatible numbers
Decimal number
Denominator
Difference
Dividend
Divisor
Estimation
Factor
Fluency
Fraction
Fraction bar
Front-end method
Halves
Least common denominator
Minuend
Multiples

Numerator
Numeric expression
Product
Proper fraction
Quotient
Relative magnitude
Remainder
Rounding
Skip counting
Standard algorithm
Strip diagram
Subtrahend
Sum
Unit fraction
Whole
Whole numbers

